CLEAN VERSION OF AMENDMENTS

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Amend the paragraph on page 7, lines 15-24, as follows:

#1

AcMNPC E2 is described in EP 621337, and co-pending U.S. Serial No. 08/009,264, filed January 25, 1993, which is incorporated herein by reference.

AcMNPV V8 and V8vEGTDEL are described in U.S. Patent 5,662,897 which is incorporated herein by reference. V8vEGTDEL-AalT is described in EP 697170-A1 and co-pending U.S. Serial No. 08/322,679, filed July 27, 1994, now US Patent 5,965,123.

AcMNPV Px1 is described in co-pending provisional U.S. Serial No. 60/084,705, filed May 8, 1998, WO 99/58705 which is incorporated herein by reference.

IN THE CLAIMS

Cancel claims 37 and 38.

Please amend claims 36, 65, 67 and 88 to read as follows:

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- 36. (three times amended) A process comprising
- preparing an aqueous mixture containing a pesticidal agent, a pH-dependent polymer, a base, optionally a plasticizer, optionally an ultraviolet protector, optionally an activity enhancer, optionally a glidant, and water; wherein the polymer
 - (1) contains ester groups and free carboxylic acid groups,
 - (2) is partially solubilized due to the action of the base, and

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(3) has solubilization pH greater than about pH 5.5; wherein the amount of base added is well below the amount required to fully solubilize the copolymer such that no more than 10% of the free carboxylic acid groups of the copolymer are converted to salts;

wherein the mixture's pH is less than the polymer's solubilization pH; and

(b) drying the mixture to produce a pesticidal matrix.

#3

65. (twice amended) A process as described in claim 64, wherein the insect biological control agent is selected from the group consisting of a viral pathogen, a bacterial pathogen, a fungal pathogen, and mixtures thereof.

#4

67. (amended) A process as described in claim 66, wherein the viral pathogen is a DNA virus selected from the group consisting of a double stranded enveloped DNA virus, a double stranded nonenveloped DNA virus, a single stranded DNA virus, and mixtures thereof.

H5

88. (four times amended) A pesticidal matrix comprising on a percentage-weight-basis of the matrix, from about 1% to about 50% of a pesticidal agent, from about 5% to about 50% of a pH-dependent polymer, from about 0% to about 25% of a plasticizer, from about 0% to about 30% of a ultraviolet protector, from about 0% to about 75% of a activity enhancer, and from about 0% to about 15% of a glidant; wherein the polymer

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contains ester groups and free carboxylic acid groups, is partially solubilized due to the action of a base, wherein the amount of base added is well below the amount required to fully solubilize the copolymer, such that no more than 10% of the free carboxylic acid groups of the copolymer are converted to salts, and wherein the polymer has a solubilization pH greater than about pH 5.5.

Please enter new claims 99 and 100, which read as follows:

99. (newly added) A process comprising

preparing an aqueous mixture containing a pesticidal agent, a pH-dependent polymer, a base, optionally a plasticizer, optionally an ultraviolet protector, optionally an activity enhancer, optionally a glidant, and water; wherein

- (A) the polymer is selected from/the group consisting of an ethyl acrylate/methacrylic acid copolymer having free carboxylic acid groups and ester groups in a ratio of from about 1:1 to about 1:2, a methacrylic acid/methyl acrylate/ methyl methacrylate copolymer having monomers in a ratio of from about 1:5:2 to about 3:7:3, and mixtures thereof;
- (B) the plasticizer is selected from the group consisting of triethyl citrate and a poly(ethylene glycol) having an average molecular weight of about 1,000 to 10,000;
- (C) the stilbene compound is selected from the group consisting of

Blancophor BBH, Calcofluor White M2R, Phorwite AR, and mixtures thereof;

- (D) the pesticidal agent is a biological insecticide selected from the group consisting of
 - (1) Melolontha melolontha EPV, Amsacta moorei EPB, Locusta
 migratoria EPV, Melanoplus sanguinipes EPV, Schistocerca
 gregaria EPV, Aedes aegypti EPV, Chironomus luridus EPV, and
 mixtures thereof;
 - (2) Lymantria dispar NPV, Anagrapha falcifera NPV, Spodoptera
 littoralis NPV, Mamestra brassicae NPV, Choristoneura fumiferana
 NPV, Trichoplusia ni NPV, Heliocoverpa zea NPV, Rachiplusia ou
 NPV, an Autographa californica NPV selected from the group
 consisting of V8vEFTDEL, V8vEGTDEL-AaIT, AcMNPV E2,
 AcMNPV L1, AcMNPV V8 and AcMNPVPx1, and mixtures thereof;
 - (3) Cydia pomonella GV, Pieris brassicae GV, Trichoplusia ni GV,

 Artogeia rapae GV, Plodia interpunctella GV, and mixtures thereof;
 - (4) Togaviridae, Bunyaviridae, Flaviviridae, and mixtures thereof;
 - (5) Reoviridae, Birnaviridae, and mixtures thereof;
 - (6) Picornaviridae, Tetraviridae, Nodaviridae, and mixtures thereof;
 - (7) Bacillus thurihgiensis, Bacillus lentimorbus, Bacillus cereus, Bacillus popilliae, Photorhabdus luminescens, Xeorhabdus



nematophilus, and mixtures thereof; and

(8) Beauveria bassiana, Entomophthora spp., Metarrhizium anisopliae, and mixtures thereof;

wherein the amount of base added is well below the amount required to fully solubilize
the copolymer such that no more than 10% of the free carboxylic acid groups of
the copolymer are converted to salts; and

wherein the mixture's pld is less than the polymer's solubilization; and

(b) drying the mixture to produce a pesticidal matrix.

100. (newly added) A pesticidal matrix prepared according to the process of claim 99, comprising, on a percentage-by-weight basis of the matrix, from about 1% to about 50% of a pesticidal agent, from about 5% to about 50% of a pH-dependent polymer, from about 0% to about 25% of a plasticizer, from about 0% to about 30% of a ultraviolet protector, from about 0% to about 75% of a activity enhancer, and from about 0% to about 15% of a glidant.

